

Syngene International Limited	Policy on Materiality of Related Party transactions and on dealing with Related Party Transactions	Version. No : 2.0 Rev. Due on : Need basis Prepared by : Company Secretary
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POLICY ON MATERIALITY OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND ON DEALING WITH RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

1. INTRODUCTION

The Board of Directors (“Board”) of Syngene International Limited (“Company”) has adopted the following policy and procedures with regard to Related Party Transactions as defined below. This policy will be effective with immediate effect. This policy is formulated to regulate transactions between the Company and its Related Parties based on the applicable laws and regulations and also provides for materiality of related party transactions.

2. PURPOSE

This policy is largely framed based on SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015) and is primarily intended to ensure the governance and reporting of transactions between the Company and its Related Parties.

3. DEFINITIONS

“Audit Committee or Committee” means “Audit Committee” constituted by the Board of Directors of the Company under provisions of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and Companies Act, 2013, from time to time.

“Board of Directors” or “Board” means the Board of Directors of Syngene International Limited, as constituted from time to time.

“Key Managerial Personnel” or “Key Management Personnel” means Key Managerial Personnel as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder.

“Material Modification” means any modification to an existing related party transaction that has the effect of increasing the contract value by Rs. 1 crore or 10% of existing sanctioned limit, whichever is higher.

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“Policy” means this policy.

“Related Party” means a person or entity that is related to the Company. Parties are related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party directly or indirectly in making the financial and/or operating decisions and includes:

(A) a related party under Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 which is as follows;

;

- i. a director or his relative;
- ii. a key managerial personnel or his relative;
- iii. a firm, in which a director, manager or his relative is a partner;
- iv. a private company in which a director or manager is a member or director;
- v. a public company in which a director or manager is a director & holds along with his relatives, more than two per cent of its paid-up share capital;
- vi. any body corporate whose Board of Directors, managing director or manager is accustomed to act in accordance with the advice, directions or instructions of a director or manager;
- vii. any person on whose advice, directions or instructions a director or manager is accustomed to act:

Provided that nothing in sub-clauses (vi) and (vii) shall apply to the advice, directions or instructions given in a professional capacity;

- viii. any body corporate which is—
 - a) a holding, subsidiary or an associate company of such company; or
 - b) a subsidiary of a holding company to which it is also a subsidiary;
 - c) an investing company or venture of the company
(For the purpose of this clause, “the investing company or the venturer of a company” means a body corporate whose investment in the company would result in the company becoming an associate company of the body corporate.)
- ix. Such other persons as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013
Director or Key Managerial Personnel of the holding company or his relative, shall be deemed to be related party.

(B) a related party as defined under IND AS 24, which is as follows:

(I) person or a close member of that person’s family is related to a reporting entity if that person:

- (i) has control or joint control of the reporting entity;

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- (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
- (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity including:

- (i) that person's children, spouse or domestic partner, brother, sister, father and mother;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependants of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

2. An entity is related to a company if any of the following conditions applies:

- a) The entity and the company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others); or
- b) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member); or
- c) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party; or
- d) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity; or
- e) The entity is for a post-employment benefit Plan, for the benefit of employees of the company or an entity related to the company. If the company is itself for such a Plan, the sponsoring Employers are also related to the company; or
- f) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (1).
- g) A person identified in (1)(i) has significant influence over the company or is a member of the key management personnel of the company (or of a parent of the company).
- h) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

(C) any person or entity that is:

- (i) forming part of the promoter or promoter group of the Company; or
- (ii) holding equity share of 20% or more or
- (iii) holding equity shares of 10% or more from April 01, 2023

3. The term Associate Company, Significant influence and Joint Venture shall be as defined under the Companies Act, 2013

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4. The term “control” shall have the same meaning as defined in SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.

“**Related Party Transaction**” means a transaction involving a transfer of resources, services or obligations between:

- (i) the Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and a related party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand; or
- (ii) the Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand, and any other person or entity on the other hand, the purpose and effect of which is to benefit a related party of the listed entity or any of its subsidiaries, with effect from April 1, 2023;

regardless of whether a price is charged and a “transaction” with a related party shall be construed to include a single transaction or a group of transactions in a contract:

Provided that the following shall not be a related party transaction:

- (a) the issue of specified securities on a preferential basis, subject to compliance of the requirements under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- (b) the following corporate actions by the Company which are uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders in proportion to their shareholding:
 - (i) payment of dividend.
 - (ii) subdivision or consolidation of securities.
 - (iii) issuance of securities by way of a rights issue or a bonus issue; and
 - (iv) buy-back of securities.

“**Relatives**”: “Relative”, with reference to any person, means anyone who is related to another, if—

- i. they are members of a Hindu Undivided Family;
- ii. they are husband and wife; or
- iii. one person is related to the other in such manner as may be prescribed, which is as follows:
 - (a) Father (including step-father)
 - (b) Mother (including step-mother)
 - (c) Son (including step-son)
 - (d) Son’s wife
 - (e) Daughter
 - (f) Daughter’s husband
 - (g) Brother (including step-brother)
 - (h) Sister (including step-sister)

4. POLICY

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All Related Party Transactions must be reported to the Audit Committee for its approval prior to initiation of actual transaction in accordance with this Policy.

4.1. Identification of Potential Related Party Transactions

Each director and Key Managerial Personnel is responsible for providing Notice to the Company Secretary of any potential Related Party Transaction involving him/her or his or her relative, including any additional information about the transaction that the Board/Audit Committee may request, for being placed before the Audit Committee and the Board. The Board shall record the disclosure of interest and the Audit Committee will determine whether the transaction does, in fact, constitute a Related Party Transaction requiring compliance with this policy.

The Company has to receive such notice of any potential Related Party Transaction well in advance so that the Audit Committee has adequate time to obtain and review information about the proposed transaction.

4.2. Review of Related Party Transactions

Every Related Party Transactions and subsequent material modifications shall be subject to the prior approval of the Audit Committee whether at a meeting or by resolution by way of circulation. except for the transactions for which exemption is available under law and mentioned in para of “Level 1 Audit Committee’s Approval” under overall framework of Approval for RPTs.

Any member of the Committee who has a potential interest in any Related Party Transaction will abstain from discussion and voting on the approval of the Related Party Transaction.

To review a Related Party Transaction, the Committee will be provided with all relevant material information of the Related Party Transaction specifically mentioned in Annexure 1, including name(s) of the related party, the nature of transaction, the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Company and to the Related Party, and any other relevant matters.

4.3. Considerations for Approval of Related Party Transactions

In determining whether to approve a Related Party Transaction, the Committee will consider the following factors, among others, to the extent relevant to the Related Party Transaction:

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- i. Whether the terms of the Related Party Transaction are fair and on arm's length basis to the Company and would apply on the same basis if the transaction did not involve a Related Party;
- ii. Whether there are any undue compelling business reasons for the Company to enter into the Related Party Transaction and the nature of alternative transactions, if any;
- iii. Whether the Related Party Transaction would affect the independence of the directors/KMP;
- iv. Whether the proposed transaction includes any potential reputational risk issues that may arise as a result of or in connection with the proposed transaction;
- v. Where the ratification of the Related Party Transaction is allowed by law and is sought from the Committee, the reason for not obtaining the prior approval of the Committee and the relevance of business urgency and whether subsequent ratification would be detrimental to the Company; and
- vi. Whether the Related Party transaction would present an improper conflict of interest for any director or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, taking into account the size of the transaction, the overall financial position of the director, Executive Officer or other Related Party, the direct or indirect nature of the director's, Key Managerial Personnel's or other Related Party's interest in the transaction and the ongoing nature of any proposed relationship and any other factors the Board/Committee deems relevant.

If the Committee determines that a Related Party Transaction should be brought before the Board, or if the Board in any case elects to review any such matter or it is mandatory under any law for Board to approve the Related Party Transaction, then the Board shall consider and approve the Related Party Transaction at a meeting /resolution by circulation and the considerations set forth above shall apply to the Board's review and approval of the matter, with such modification as may be necessary or appropriate under the circumstances.

If a Related Party Transaction will be ongoing, the Audit Committee may establish guidelines for the management to follow in its ongoing dealings with the Related Party. Thereafter, the Committee shall periodically review and assess ongoing relationships with the Related Party. Any material amendment, renewal or extension of a transaction, arrangement or relationship previously reviewed under this Policy shall also be subject to subsequent review under this Policy.

Overall framework of Approval for Related Party Transactions

Level 1 - Audit committee Approval

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All Related Party Transactions and subsequent material modifications shall be referred to Audit Committee for prior approval and only those members of the Audit Committee, who are independent directors, shall approve the related party transactions* .

Related Party Transactions where subsidiary is a party, but the Company is not a party, shall require prior approval of the Audit Committee, subject to threshold of:

- a. 10% of the consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements;
- b. 10% of the standalone turnover of the subsidiary as per the last audited financial statements effective April 1, 2023.

Level 2 - Board Approval

All such Related Party Transactions have to be mandatorily approved by the Board.

Level 3 – Shareholder’s Approval

i) All Material Related Party Transactions and subsequent material modifications shall require prior approval of the shareholders through ordinary resolution and no related party shall vote to approve such resolution whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not.

ii) All transactions, other than the Material Related Party Transaction, with the related parties which are not in the Ordinary Course of Business or not at Arms’ Length Basis and exceeds the thresholds prescribed under Companies Act, and subsequent material modifications thereto shall also require the approval of the shareholders through ordinary resolution and no related parties shall vote to approve such resolution.

The provisions of regulation 23(2), (3) and (4) pertaining to prior approval of audit committee, omnibus approval and approval of material related party transactions by shareholders respectively shall not be applicable in case of :

- i. transactions entered into between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.
- ii. transactions entered into between two wholly owned subsidiaries of the listed holding company, whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.

Further, prior approval of the shareholders of the Company shall not be required for a related party transaction to which the listed subsidiary of the Company, if any, is a party but the Company is not a party, if Regulation 23 and sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 15 of SEBI Listing Regulations

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are applicable to such listed subsidiary and the prior approval of the shareholders of the listed subsidiary has been obtained.

Transactions entered into between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary which are not in ordinary course of business and/or not on arm's length basis will mandatorily require prior approval of the Audit Committee, and only those members of the Audit Committee, who are independent directors, shall approve the related party transactions*.

*w.e.f. 01.01.2022.

4.4. Standing Pre-Approval / Omnibus approval by Audit Committee

In the case of frequent / regular / repetitive transactions which are in the normal course of business of the Company, the Audit Committee may grant standing pre-approval / omnibus approval. While granting the approval the Audit Committee shall satisfy itself of the need for the omnibus approval and that same is in the interest of the Company. The omnibus approval shall specify the following:

- a. Name of the related party
- b. Nature of the transaction
- c. Period of the transaction
- d. Maximum amount of the transactions that can be entered into
- e. Indicative base price / current contracted price and formula for variation in price, if any
- f. Such other conditions as the Audit Committee may deem fit.

Such transactions will be deemed to be pre-approved and may not require any further approval of the Audit Committee for each specific transaction unless the price, value or material terms of the contract or arrangement have been varied / amended. Any proposed variations / amendments to these factors shall require a prior approval of the Committee.

Further, where the need of the related party transaction cannot be foreseen and all prescribed details are not available, Committee may grant omnibus approval subject to the value per transaction not exceeding Rs.1,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Crore only). The details of such transaction shall be reported at the next meeting of the Audit Committee for ratification. The Committee shall on quarterly basis review all omnibus transactions and assess such transactions including the limits to ensure that they are in compliance with this Policy. The omnibus approval shall be valid for a period of one year and fresh approval shall be obtained after the expiry of one year.

4.5. Decision regarding transaction in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis

The Audit Committee or the Board shall, in respect of the related party transactions referred to them for approval, shall after considering the materials placed before them, judge if the

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transaction is the ordinary course of business or at arm's length basis. In case the Audit Committee is not able to arrive at such a decision, the same shall be referred to the Board, which shall decide if the transaction is the ordinary course of business or at arm's length basis. In case the Board is not able to arrive at such a decision, the same shall be decided by the Independent Directors, whose decision shall be final.

4.6. Materiality of Related Party Transactions

A transaction with a related party shall be considered to be material if the transaction / transactions to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds Rs. 1000 Crore or the ten percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements of the company, whichever is lower.

Any transaction involving payments made to a related party with respect to brand usage or royalty shall be considered material if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceed five percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity.

This policy to determine the material related party transactions shall be reviewed by the board of directors at least once every three years and updated accordingly.

5. EXCEPTIONS

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following Related Party Transactions shall not require specific approval of the Audit Committee:

- (a) Any transactions, which are at arm's length and in ordinary course of business, entered into between the company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with the company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.
- (b) Any transaction involving the providing of compensation to a director or Key Managerial Personnel in connection with his/her duties to the Company including the reimbursement of reasonable business and travel expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business, and in line with the terms of Appointment
- (c) Any transaction in which the Related Party's interest arises solely from ownership of securities issued by the Company and all holders of such securities receive the same benefits pro rata as the Related Party.
- (d) Transactions arising out of corporate restructuring, compromises, arrangements and amalgamations dealt with under specific provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, will not

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attract the requirements of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. (MCA vide General Circular No. 30/2014 dated July 17, 2014).

6. DEVIATIONS

In the event the Company becomes aware of a Transaction with a Related Party that has not been approved under this Policy prior to its consummation, the matter shall be reviewed by the Committee. The Committee shall consider all of the relevant facts and circumstances regarding the Related Party Transaction, and shall evaluate all options available to the Company, including ratification, revision or termination of the Related Party Transaction. The Committee shall also examine the facts and circumstances pertaining to the failure of reporting such Related Party Transaction to the Committee under this Policy and failure of the internal control systems, and shall take any such action it deems appropriate.

In any case, where the Committee determines not to ratify a Related Party Transaction that has been commenced without approval, the Committee, as appropriate, may direct additional actions including, but not limited to, discontinuation of the transaction or seeking the approval of the shareholders, payment of compensation for the loss suffered by the related party etc. In connection with any review of a Related Party Transaction, the Committee has authority to modify or waive any procedural requirements of this Policy.

This Policy will be communicated to all operational employees and other concerned persons of the Company and shall be placed on the website of the Company at www.syngeneintl.com.

7. DISCLOSURE

All Related Party Transactions are to be disclosed in applicable filings as required by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) Act as amended, and regulations made thereunder, the Directors Report on an annual basis and also as part of the financial statements of the Company.

Furthermore, any material Related Party Transaction will be disclosed to the full Board of Directors.

The details of all transactions with related parties shall be submitted on a consolidated basis, in the format specified in the relevant accounting standards, half yearly to the stock exchanges and the same shall be published on the Company's website as per the timelines specified under the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

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8. AMENDMENTS AND UPDATES

The Audit Committee periodically shall review this Policy and may recommend amendments to this Policy from time to time as it deems appropriate. In addition to guidelines for ongoing Related Party Transactions, the Audit Committee may, as it deems appropriate and reasonable, establish from time to time guidelines regarding the review of other Related Party Transactions. The Board shall have the power to amend any of the provisions of this Policy, substitute any of the provisions with a new provision or replace this Policy entirely with a new Policy.

9. INTERPRETATION

Any words used in this policy but not defined herein shall have the same meaning ascribed to it in the Companies Act, 2013 or Rules made thereunder, SEBI Act or Rules and Regulations made thereunder, SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, Accounting Standards or any other relevant legislations / laws applicable to the Company.

In case of any dispute or difference upon the meaning/interpretation of any word or provision in this Policy, the same shall be referred to the Audit Committee and the decision of the Audit Committee in such a case shall be final. In interpreting such term / provision, the Audit Committee may seek the help of any of the officers of the Company or an outside expert as it deems fit.

In case of any ambiguity or need for clarification with respect to the Policy, the Company should refer applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013, SEBI (LODR) Regulations and any other applicable law and the related laws shall supersede the policy.

10. VERSION HISTORY

- The Policy was drafted on October 20, 2015 by the Board of Directors.
- The Amendment to the Policy was approved on April 24, 2019, October 20, 2021, February 17, 2022. The amendments approved by the Board on March 15, 2022 shall become effective from April 01, 2022, unless otherwise specified.
